

Coins of Gerizim

Hadrian (Latin: *Publius Aelius Hadrianus Augustus* 24 January, 76 AD – 10 July, 138 AD) was Roman Emperor from 117 to 138. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hadrian>



Left: [250](#) ---**Hadrian**. 117-138. Æ23.5. Laur bust right/Zeus seated left, nude in Tetra-style temple, 101=119/120 [The location to my knowledge of this temple shown here is unidentified, it could possibly be that of Gerizim but most likely minted at a different location]

Right: Jewish Medallian Æ medallion; 48 mm; 56.3 gr.;

Obv.: Laureate draped and cuirassed bust of Antoninus Pius to r.;

Greek legend upwards from bottom left:

[ANTΩ]NINOC CEBAC EYCE AY[TOK KA]I(C)AP

Rev.: Mount Gerizim is represented as two mountain peaks, separated by a sloping roadway. A steep, broad stairway leads up between houses to a temple seen in three-quarters perspective. Below is a colonnade with eleven pillars and two arches over the columns. The entrance leads to a square with a horned altar. A path leads to the right from the center of the road to a higher hill with a second horned altar. Greek legend from bottom left upwards: ΦΔ ΝΕΑΣΠΟΔΕΩC CΥΡΙΑC ΠΑΔΑΙCΤΙΝΕ[C] ΕΤ ΠΗ ("FI[avia] Neapolis [which is in] Syria-Palestine, year 88 [160 CE]")



See <http://www.archaeological-center.com/en/monographs/m21>



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**Antoninus Pius** (Latin: *Titus Fulvius Aelius Hadrianus Antoninus Augustus Pius*; born 19 September, 86 AD – died 7 March, 161 AD), also known as **Antoninus**, was Roman Emperor from 138 to 161.

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antoninus\\_Pius](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antoninus_Pius)

Left: \*[54172](#) NEAPOLIS, Antoninus Pius. 138-141 AD. AE Medallion 33mm, 22.31g. Laureate bust right/Mt. Gerizim, consisting of 2 masses, ravine in center, leading to roadway. Shrine at top. year 88?

Right: \*[71](#) Neapolis, Antoninus Pius. 138-141 AD. AE Medallion 33mm, (22.31g). Laureate bust right/Mt. Gerizim, consisting of 2 masses, ravine in center, leading to roadway. Shrine at top. year 88?



Left: [28525](#) NEAPOLIS, Antoninus Pius 138-161 AE34 (23.04) Medallion? Laur. bust right/Mt. Gerizim, consisting of 2 masses, sep. by a ravine. On left stairway leading past shrines, mass on right has branch at right, roadway leads to altar

Also see another coin: **Neapolis. Antoninus Pius, 138-161 C. E. AE 32 dated year 88 (159/160 C.E.). Mesh 125. Ros. 10.** Laureate, draped and cuirassed bust right of Antoninus Pius. Reverse: Mount Gerizim with steep stairway ascending past shrines to top crowned by temple; on right, second peak with altar and path leading up to it; below, colonnade. [Link](#)





JUDAEA, Neapolis. Antoninus Pius. AD 138-161. Æ (32mm, 20.13 g, 12h). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Mt. Gerizim with stairway leading to temple and altar at summit; colonnaded portico at foot of mountain, [date] in exergue.



Bronze Coin, Neapolis. [1944.100.69095](#) Obverse: Antoninus Pius bust laur. dr. cuir. r. Reverse: Mt. Gerizim with temple

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Marcus Aurelius. Latin: *Marcus Aurelius Antoninus Augustus*; Espejo, 26 April 121 AD – Vienna, 17 March 180 AD) was Roman Emperor from 161 to 180.

Right: Neapolis, Marcus Aurelius (AD 161-180), dated civic year 89 (AD 161). Mount Gerizim, with staircase leading to temple. Source:

<http://www2.warwick.ac.uk>



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**Commodus** (Latin: *Marcus Aurelius Commodus Antoninus Augustus*; 31 August 161 AD – 31 December 192 AD), was Roman Emperor from 180 to 192. He also ruled as co-emperor with his father Marcus Aurelius from 177 until his father's death in 180.



SYRIA, Decapolis. Gadara. Commodus. AD 177-192. Æ (26mm, 12.67 g, 12h). Dated CY 243 (AD 179/80). Laureate head right / Tetrastyle temple with seated figure of Zeus within; ΓΜC (date) in pediment.

No Coins w/ Gerizim known to me so far.

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Septimius Severus (Latin: *Lucius Septimius Severus Augustus*; 11 April 145 – 4 February 211), also known as **Severus**, was Roman Emperor from 193 to 211.

No Coins w/ Gerizim known to me so far.


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**Macrinus** (Latin: *Marcus Opellius Severus Macrinus Augustus*; ca. 165 – June 218), was Roman Emperor from 217 to 218.



Neapolis. Macrinus, 217-218 C. E. AE 27. Mesh 136 (this coin). Laureate, draped and cuirassed bust right of Macrinus. Reverse: Mount Gerizim with steep stairway ascending past shrines to top crowned by temple; on right, second peak with altar and path leading up to it; below, colonnade

Right: SAMARIA, Neapolis. Macrinus. 217-218 CE. Reverse side: Mt. Gerizim with Samaritan temple complex.



Coin Left: NEAPOLIS (NABLUS) - COINS WITH THE BUST OF NAKRINOS, 217 AD ON THE REVERSE IS DEPICTED MT. GRIZIM WITH THE STEPS LEADING TO THE TEMPLE ON THE MOUNTAINTOP, REMAINS OF THESE ARE VISIBLE TODAY

Right: [72 Neapolis](#), Elagabalus. 218-222 AD. AE20 (8.12g). Laureate bust right, with countermark of A (?) on neck/Mt. Gerizim showing the colonnade, stairs, roadway, shrines, temple and altar



Left: [Elagabalus](#). AE23. Bust right, **countermark "A" on neck/Mt. Gerizim**, consisting of two rocky masses, left one with temple approached by steep stairs, right with altar on summit.

[36 MT. GERIZIM](#). Elagabalus. NEAPOLIS. Roman Empire. Elagabalus. A.D. 218-222. AE 24 mm. 13.0 grams. Struck in Neapolis. Obverse: His laureate and draped bust r. Reverse: Mt. Gerizim







Neapolis, Samaria. Elagabalus (AD 218-222). Æ 28mm (15.48 gm). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust of Elagabalus right / Mount Gerizim with gardens and shrines, Temple on top. Rosenberger 38 var. (no star or crescent in fields. Green patina with red earthen highlights. Very Fine. Ex Shoshana Collection



JUDAEA, Neapolis. Elagabalus. AD 218-222. Æ (19mm, 9.07 g, 1h). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right; c/m: large A within incuse rectangle / Mt. Gerizim with stairway leading to temple and altar at summit; colonnaded portico at foot of mountain.





JUDAEA, Neapolis. *Elagabalus*. AD 218-222. Æ (21mm, 7.47 g, 12h). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Mt. Gerizim with stairway leading to temple and altar at summit; colonnaded portico at foot of mountain. [Link](#)



City Coins. Neapolis. Elagabalus, 218-222 AD. AE 21 mm. . Hen-1960. Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust of Elagabalus right. Reverse: View of Mt. Gerizim, with colonnade, steps, shrines, etc.





Neapolis. Elagabalus. 218-222 AD. AE 22, 11.52g (6h). Samaria, Neapolis. Obv: Laureate, cuirassed bust of Elagabalus right, seen from front, on neck rectangular countermark with letter A. Rx: Quadriga facing carrying the stone of Emesa decorated with eagle on left and Mount Gerizim on right

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Severus Alexander (Latin: *Marcus Aurelius Severus Alexander Augustus*; 1 October 208 – 19 March 235) was Roman Emperor from 222 to 235.



NEAPOLIS, Samaria. Severus Alexander with Mt. Gerizim, 222-235 AD. Struck at Neapolis, Samaria. Obverse: Laureate bust of Severus Alexander to right. Obverse legend: (AUR. S)E. ALEXAND. SE(B). Autocratis Severus Alexander Sebastos. Reverse: Mt. Gerizim with Temple and shrines. Reverse legend: F. NEA(SPOL). Flavia Neapolis.

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**Maximinus Thrax** (Latin: *Gaius Julius Verus Maximinus Augustus*; c. 173 – May 238), also known as **Maximinus I**, was Roman Emperor from 235 to 238.

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Gordian III (Latin: *Marcus Antonius Gordianus Pius Augustus*; 20 January 225 AD– 11 February 244 AD), was Roman Emperor from 238 AD to 244 AD.

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**Philip the Arab** (Latin: *Marcus Julius Philippus Augustus*; c. 204 – 249), also known as **Philip** or **Philippus Arabs**, was Roman Emperor from 244 to 249.

Neapolis, Philip I (AD 244-249). Marsyas; and Mount Gerizim supported by an eagle.

Source: <http://www2.warwick.ac.uk>



Left \* 74 ---**Philip Sr.** 244-249. AE27 (13.14). Radiate bust right/Marayas on left, stg right, eagle on right, wings spread, supporting Mt. Gerizim.







Left: [JUDAEA, Neapolis](#). Philip I. AD 244-249. Æ (27mm, 14.01 g, 12h). Radiate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Hygeia standing right, feeding serpent held in arms from patera, facing, Asklepios standing facing, head left, leaning on serpent-entwined staff; above, Mt. Gerizim. Harl 2 (A1/P2); Rosenberger 75. VF, brown surfaces, earthen deposits possibly hiding some tooling.



JUDAEA, Neapolis. Volusian. AD 251-253. Æ (24mm, 11.63 g, 6h). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Serapis standing left, raising right hand toward Mt. Gerizim surmounted by temple complex and holding scepter in left; to left, aquila, wheat stalk, and ram standing left, head right; star in exergue. Harl 155 (A37/P149); Rosenberger —; Sofaer 249 (same dies); SNG ANS —; BMC 168 (same dies). Near VF, brown patina, roughness. Very rare. [See link](#)





JUDAEA, Neapolis. Philip I. AD 244-249. Æ (28mm, 13.15 g, 6h). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Helmeted figure (Athena?) seated facing, resting right foot on uncertain object, holding spear or scepter; to left, two male figures standing facing one another, that on the right raising hand and holding scepter; to right, female figure standing left, raising hand and holding scepter; Mt. Gerizim surmounted by temple complex above figures on left, star in exergue. Harl 21 (A5/P19) corr. (illustrations for 21 and 26 switched); Rosenberger 82 = Sofaer 158 (same dies); cf. SNG ANS 1017 (same type but figures arranged slightly differently; same obv. die); BMC 123 (same dies). Good VF, earthen green patina. Very rare and attractive for issue. [See link](#)



[Bronze, Neapolis](#). 247–9 AD. Æ 14.36 g. Traces of inscription IIMM CC P FILIPPIS AVGG – Jugate busts of Philip I and Philip II r., both draped and laureate. Rev. Traces of inscription NEOPOL NEOCORO ; in exergue: [COL] – on l., nude male figure standing r., wearing helmet, resting l. foot on rock (?) extending hand at female figure seated on r., extending her r. at him; above hand three pellets; between the two figures, spear or labarum topped by Mount Gerizim.





[Philip I and Philip II](#). 244-249 AD. AE 27, 13.35g. Samaria, Neapolis, 247-9 AD. Obv: I IMM CC PFILIPPIS AVGG Jugate busts of the two emperors right, laureate, draped, cuirassed. Rx: COL - SERG around, NEAPOL in exergue, the two emperors standing facing one another, holding spears and sacrificing from pateras over altar between them; Philip I, on the left, is togate, Philip II, on the right, wears military dress; above in field, Mount Gerizim with twin peaks surmounted by temple and altar. An interesting reverse type suggesting that the emperors actually visited Neapolis late in their reign; not previously known with the jugate portrait on obverse, which was struck from only this single obverse die.



JUDAEA, Neapolis. Philip I. AD 244-249. Æ (28mm, 11.55 g, 12h). Radiate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Mt. Gerizim surmounted by temple complex above eagle with spread wings standing left, head right; to left, Marsyas standing left, with wine skin over shoulder. Harl – (A3/P– [unlisted rev. die]); Rosenberger 84 var. (bust type); Sofaer 143 (same obv. die); SNG ANS 1010–11 var. (arrangement of rev. legend); BMC 119 var. (same). VF, dark green patina, lighter highlights.





JUDAEA, Neapolis. Philip II. AD 247-249. Æ (28mm, 13.38 g, 7h). Laureate and draped bust right / Eagle standing facing, head right, with wings spread, supporting Mt. Gerizim. Harl 86? (A18/P81? [rev. die unconfirmed]);



JUDAEA, Neapolis. Philip I, with Philip II. AD 244-249. Æ (26mm, 14.05 g, 6h). Conjoined busts of Philip I, laureate, draped, and, cuirassed, and Philip II, bareheaded and draped, right / Mt. Gerizim set on eagle standing left, head and tail right, with wings displayed.





[SAMARIA. Neapolis.](#) Philip I (244 - 249 AD). AE (26.6 mm, 11.70 gm, 6h). Draped bust of Philip I right, radiate; IMP M IVL PHILIPPVS AVG / Eagle with spread wings standing facing, looking left, carrying wreath encircling Mount Gerizim;

**Marcus Julius Philippus Severus**, also known as **Philippus II**, **Philip II** and **Philip the Younger** (238–249) was the son and heir of the Roman Emperor Philip the Arab by his wife Roman Empress Marcia Otacilia Severa. According to numismatic evidence, he had a sister called Julia Severa or Severina, whom the extant literary sources do not mention and a brother, Quintus Philippus Severus.

When his father became emperor in 244 he was appointed Caesar. In 247 he became consul, and later elevated by his father to the rank of *Augustus* and co-ruler.



[Philip Sr..](#) 244-249.

AE28 (13.26) .

Radiate bust right/Marayas on left, stg right, eagle on right, wings spread, supporting Mt. Gerizim.

Right: Neapolis, Phillip II (AD 246-249). Wolf and twins; above Mount Gerizim. [Source.](#)



Right: [Philip Senior](#). 244-249. AE26 (11.91g).  
Radiate bust right/Mt. Gerizim, supported by eagle  
with head right, standing with spread wings,



Right: Neapolis,  
Philip II (AD 246-  
249). Wolf and  
twins; above.  
Mount Gerizim.  
Source:



<http://www2.warwick.ac.uk>

Left: [JUDAEA. Neapolis](#). Philip II (AD 247-249). AE 27mm (14.30 gm). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Marsyas standing left; to left, eagle standing facing, head right, supporting on spread wings Mt. Gerizim with temple complex.



Left: [JUDAEA. Neapolis](#). Philip II (AD 247-249). AE 27 mm (15.73 gm). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Marsyas standing left; to left, eagle standing facing, head right, supporting on spread wings Mt. Gerizim with temple complex.

Right: JUDAEA, Neapolis. Philip II. AD 247-249. Æ (25mm, 14.33 g, 6h). Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Mt. Gerizim; below, she-wolf right, head left, suckling the twins Remus and Romulus. [Link](#) to similar coin.



Right: Philip II: Date Ruled: AD 247-249 Metal:  
Bronze Date Struck: AD 247-249



Left: SAMARIA, Neapolis. Philip II.  
247-249 AD.  
Laureate bust right / Founder  
plowing right with team of oxen; above, Mt.  
Gerizim with temple and shrine, to right of  
which, standard. Rosenberger 105; BMC Palestine



Left: [Philip II](#). AE30. Laureate bust right/Mt. Gerizim, supported  
by eagle, standing with wings spread, head turned to right.



Left [\\*50447](#)---,---**Philip Sr & Philip Jr.**. 247-  
249. AE26 (12.31) . Jugate bust of Philip I &  
II,  
draped and laureate /Mt. Gerizim  
surmounted by temple & altar, supported by  
eagle. hd left, wings spread.



Above: [Neapolis, Samaria](#). Otacilia Severa, wife of Philip I (244 - 249 AD). AE (28 mm, 17.31 gm, 12h). Draped bust of Otacilia Severa r., on crescent; M OT SEVERAE AVG M C / On l., Hygieia (?) standing r., holding bowl, facing Asclepius (?) seated on chair with curved legs r., extending hand toward her; behind him figure seated l. raising hand; in upper l. field, small Mount Gerizim: COL SERG NEAPOL (Colonia Sergia Neapolis).



[Neapolis, Samaria](#). Otacilia Severa, wife of Philip I (244 - 249 AD). AE (28mm, 16.83 gm, 12h). Draped bust of Otacilia Severa r., on crescent; M OT SEVERAE AVG M C / Eagle standing facing and looking r., carrying Mount Gerizim; COL IVL NEAP (Colonia Julia Neapolis)





[Otacilia Severa](#), Wife of Philip I. . AE 29, 12.86g. Samaria, Neapolis, 247-9 AD. Obv: M OT SEVERAE AVG M C Draped bust right on crescent, wearing stephane. Rx: [COL IVL] - FL SERG NEA[...] City goddess standing left, head front, wearing turreted crown, setting right foot on recumbant lion, holding in right hand Mount Gerizim surmounted by temple and altar, in left hand scepter topped by globe. M C in the obverse legend stands for Matri Castrorum, "Mother of the Camps", a title borne by several empresses from Faustina II on. Harl



[Neapolis, Samaria](#). Otacilia Severa, wife of Philip I (244 - 249 AD). AE (30mm, 15.40 gm, 6h). Draped bust of Otacilia Severa r., on crescent; M OT SEVERAE AVG M C / She-wolf standing,



head turned at Romulus and Remus suckling; above, Mount Gerizim COL IVL SERG; in exergue, NEAPOL (Colonia Sergia Julia Neapolis)



[Otacilia Severa](#) Æ27 of Neapolis, Judaea. AD 244-249. Draped bust right, wearing stephane, set on crescent / COL SER G NEAPOL, eagle standing facing, head left, with wings displayed, supporting Mt. Gerizim.



[Otacilia Severa](#), Wife of Philip I. . AE 27-29, 15.45g. Samaria, Neapolis, 247-9 AD. Obv: M OT SEVE -RAE AVG M C Draped bust right on crescent, wearing stephane. Rx: NEAPOLI - NEOKOP around, COL in exergue, ΔΕΚΑΝΟC written upwards in left field, male figure (Decanus) stepping right, polos on head, holding in right hand small altar from which lily and two palm branches project and in left hand scepter topped by lily, in lower right field star, above Mount Gerizim with colonnade at base and twin peaks surmounted by temple and altar.





Left: [74](#) ---**Philip Junior**. 247-249. AE27

(13.70). Laureate bust right/Emperor riding on horseback left, Mt. Gerizim above. Unpublished with rider left

Right: [\\*167](#) ---**Otacila Severa, wife of Philip I**. AE 28 (15.64). Bust right / Zeus seated left, holding small bust and scepter, eagle at lower left, small image of Mt. Gerizim above that.



Neapolis. Philip II (Junior), 247-249 AD. AE 28 mm. Very Rare. Laureate and cuirassed bust of Philip Junior facing right. Reverse: Mount Gerizim with temple above, supported by small eagle standing with spread wings.





[NEAPOLIS. Philippus II.](#), 244 - 249 n. Chr. AE (15,47 g.), Vs.: IMP M IVL PHILIPVS AVG, drap. Büste r. Rs.: COL SERG NEAPOL, Berg Garizim mit Tempel und Altar über einem Adler mit ausgebreiteten Schwingen.



[Philip I with Philip II.](#) Æ27 of Caesarea, Neapolis. AD 247-249. Judea Capta Issue. IIMM CC P FILIPPIS AVGG - Jugate busts of Philip I and Philip II r., both draped and laureate / NEOPOL NEOCORO ; in exergue: [COL]. Female figure seated right confronting nude male figure standing l., wearing helmet, extending hand towards her. [Appears to be Gerizim temple on top of coin]





[Neapolis, Samaria](#). Philip II (247 - 249 AD). AE (27.9 mm, 18.28 gm, 6h). Draped bust of Philip II r., laureate; IMP C M IVL PHILIPPO PF AVG / In center Marsyas of the Forum, facing right, facing him on left and right are two figures, each wears a modius and holds a staff, each rests one foot on an unknown object COL SERG NEAP (Colonia Sergia Neapolis) ; in upper center field is Mt. Gerizim;



[Philip II](#), 247-249. 4 Assaria (AE, 16.54 g 12), Neapolis (Shechem). IMP M IVL PHILIPPVS AVG Radiate and draped bust of Philip II to right. Rev. COL SERG NEAPOL Tyche, on left, standing right and offering crown to Philip I, laureate, and Philip II, radiate, on right, seated left; above, Mr. Gerizim.





[Neapolis, Samaria.](#) Philip II (247 - 249 AD). AE (28.6 mm, 13.07 gm, 6h). Draped bust of Philip II r., laureate; IMP C M IVL PHILIPPO PF / The emperor riding on horse r., saluting r.; in upper r. field, Mount Gerizim;



[Neapolis, Samaria.](#) Philip II (247 - 249 AD). AE (25.7 mm, 13.48 gm, 12h). Draped bust of Philip II r., laureate; IMP C M IVL PHILIPPO PF AVG / Eagle with spread wings standing facing, looking l., carrying wreath encircling Mount Gerizim;





[Neapolis, Samaria](#). Philip II (247 - 249 AD). AE (26mm, 15.62 gm, 12h). Draped bust of Philip II r., laureate; IMP C M IVL PHILIPPO PF AVG / Emperor as founder plowing with bull and cow r.; above the animals' heads, a small standard; above, Mount Gerizim;



[Philippus II.](#), 246-249.. Bronze, Neapolis in Samaria. Büste / Kaiser zu Pferd vor Berg Gerizim.

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Hostilian (Latin: *Gaius Valens Hostilianus Messius Quintus Augustus*; 230? – 251)
 was Roman emperor in 251.

Trebonianus Gallus (Latin: *Gaius Vibius Afinius Trebonianus Gallus Augustus*; 206 – August 253), also known as **Gallus**, was Roman Emperor from 251 to 253, in a joint rule with his son Volusianus. **Volusianus** (Latin: *Gaius Vibius Volusianus Augustus*; died August 253), also known as **Volusian**, was a Roman Emperor from 251 to 253.



[Trebonianus Gallus](#). 251-253 AD. AE 26, 13.26g. Samaria, Neapolis. Obv: IMP C G VIB TRIB GALLO AVG Bust radiate, draped, cuirassed right. Rx: COL NE - A - P - OLI Nude Poseidon on left standing right, placing right foot on prow and holding dolphin and trident; on right boar standing left, behind him a legionary eagle; in center field, star and, above, Mount Gerizim with twin peaks surmounted by temple and altar and colonnade below.



JUDAEA, Neapolis. *Volusian*. AD 251-253. AE. Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right. Mt. Gerizim set on eagle standing left, head and tail right, with wings displayed.



JUDAEA, Neapolis. Volusian. AD 251-253. Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Serapis standing left, raising right hand toward Mt. Gerizim surmounted by temple complex and holding scepter in left; to left, aquila, wheat stalk, and ram standing left, head right; star in exergue.



City Coins, Neapolis. Volusian, 251-253 AD. AE 27 mm. . Hen-882. Laureate and draped bust right. Reverse: Eagle supporting Mt. Gerizim, with temple.



Samaria, Neapolis, Bronze AE27, A K G T GALLON - Bust right
 FL NEAC POLEWC - Mt. Gerizim with Samaritan temple complex, all supported by eagle (251-253 AD) <http://www.tantaluscoins.com/coins/16952.php>



Roman Provincial Region:

Samaria City: Neapolis

Issuer: Trebonianus Gallus

Date Ruled: AD 251-253 Metal: Bronze

Reverse Description:

Legend in four lines below Mount Gerizim
 flanked by star and crescent; all within
 laurel wreath

Trebonius Gallus Meta: Bronze, Date Struck:
AD 251-253

Reverse Legend: ΦΛ ΝΕΑΣΠΟΛΣΩC

Reverse Description : Mount Gerizem
surmounted by temple and alter, stairway
leads to temple, collonade below, all
supported by a facing eagle with wings
spread, small star to left of temple, small
crescent to right



[53340](#) Neopolis in Samaria, Trebonianus Gallus. 251-
253. AE25 (14.54g) . Laureate bust right/Mt. Gerizim,
supported by eagle, with spread wings and head left.

Right: [Volusian](#). 251-253. AE24.

Radiate bust right/Table supported by eagle with wings spread and
head left, Mt. Gerizim above, legend on tablet





Neapolis, Samaria. Trebonianus Gallus (251 - 253 AD). AE 26mm (12.39 gm). Radiate and cuirassed bust of Trebonianus Gallus right / Eagle standing facing, head left, supporting Mt. Gerizim on spread wings. Rosenberger 119. Green-earthen patina. Adjustment marks at bottom of reverse, otherwise a pleasing Very Fine. From The Dr. Patrick Tan Collection



Neapolis, Samaria. Trebonianus Gallus (251 - 253 AD). AE 26mm (13.61 gm). Laureate, draped bust of Trebonianus Gallus right / Tyche standing right in military dress, resting her foot on crouching figure, holding scepter and small Mount Gerizim; to light of her head, small star. Sofaer pl. 59, 224. Rosenberger 110. Harl 113. Rare, earthen highlights. Very Fine. From The Dr. Patrick Tan Collection. Ex Shoshana Collection, Part II (Heritage, 5 September 2012).



Neapolis, Samaria. Trebonianus Gallus (251-253 AD). Æ 26mm (11.73 gm). Laureate, draped bust of Trebonianus Gallus right / Eagle supporting Mount Gerizim Temple on top. Sofaer pl. 59, v216. Harl 104. Rosenberger 113. Earthen highlights. Green-earthen patina. Good Very Fine. From The Dr. Patrick Tan Collection



Left: [Neapolis](#), Trebonianus Gallus. 251-25 AD3. Æ 25.5mm (14.54g). Laureate bust right/Mt. Gerizim, supported by eagle, with spread wings and head left

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**Galerius** (Latin: *Gaius Galerius Valerius Maximianus Augustus*; c. 260 – April or May 311), was Roman Emperor from 305 to 311

Right: [27042](#) ---**Trebonianus Gallus** 251-253 Æ25  
His laur bust r/Eagle, supp. on wings Mt. Gerazim surmounted by temple & altar, stairway leading to temple, colonade on base of mountain  
Below: **Trebonianus Gallus**. 251-253. Æ25. His laur bust r/Eagle, supp. on wings Mt. Gerazim surmounted by temple & altar, stairway leading to temple, colonade on base of mountain.



Left: [Tantalus](#)

Ruler: Trebonianus Gallus (Emperor of Rome)  
Region, City: Samaria, Neapolis  
Mt. Gerizim with Samaritan temple complex, all supported







JUDAEA, Neapolis. Volusian. AD 251-253. Æ (24mm, 15.30 g, 6h). Radiate, draped, and cuirassed bust right / Athena standing left, with shield and spear at side, sacrificing over altar; to left, female figure advancing right, supporting Mt. Gerizim surmounted by temple complex. [Link](#)

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